ANNEX 3 SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCREENING REPORT

Project Information

Project Information	
1. Project Title	Water Resources Management Plan in Cooperation between China and United Nations Development Programme
2. Project Number (i.e. Atlas project ID)	
3. Location (Global/Region/Country)	Asia/China
4. Project stage (Design or Implementation)	Design
5. Date	May 10, 2021

Part A. Integrating Programming Principles to Strengthen Social and Environmental Sustainability

QUESTION 1: How Does the Project Integrate the Programming Principles in Order to Strengthen Social and Environmental Sustainability?

Briefly describe in the space below how the project mainstreams the human rights-based approach

The project will mainstream the human rights-based approach. The goals of the project include improving water environment, ensuring drinking water safety, and promoting the development of sustainable agriculture, as well as empowering women and girls. The Water Governance Programme will focus on improving and strengthening community participation. In detail, public powers, such as village committees, professional associations, community organizations, and volunteer groups, will be encouraged to play their roles in various stages of the project implementation, including demand identification, planning, implementation, management, performance evaluation, promotion, operation, and maintenance management, and so on. The Water Governance Programme will cooperate with governments and social management research institutes to cultivate participation capacities of the aforementioned public powers efficiently through improving the principles of extensive consultation, joint contribution, and shared benefits. In addition, this project will fully consider the realization of human rights during the project implementation.

Briefly describe in the space below how the project is likely to improve gender equality and women's empowerment

The project will provide organization support for encouraging women to participate in policy formulation of water resources management through establishing contacts with local women's organizations, such as women's associations; improve the project's operating mechanism for creating opportunities for women's participation; and strengthen women's knowledges of water resources management for enhancing their awareness of water environmental protection and supporting the capacity building of women's participation. Meanwhile, the project will also provide desired training on gender mainstreaming project management for relevant project management staffs to enhance their gender equality awareness. In addition, the project will further incorporate the relevant indicators of gender equality into the project evaluation index system to ensure that women can participate in the project activities equally and benefit from them.

Briefly describe in the space below how the project mainstreams sustainability and resilience

The project will provide technical and financial support for rural governments and farmers, especially women and children, to improve their capabilities through training activities. Meanwhile, the project will improve the water environment, strengthen drinking-water safety, and enhance sustainable agricultural development to increase farmers' income, improve farmers' life quality, guarantee farmers' health; as well as protect the rights and interests of women and children through training and public participation. In addition, tourists and government officers will experience the outcomes of this project through visiting the demonstration sites. These demonstration sites will help promote the project and attract more governments to participate in this project positively. Besides, the international influence of the project will be further expanded through international conferences and forums, and international institutions and governments will be attracted to participate in the project.

Briefly describe in the space below how the project strengthens accountability to stakeholders

The project will provide technical and financial support for rural governments and farmers, especially women and children, to improve their capabilities through training activities. Meanwhile, the project will improve the water environment, strengthen drinking-water safety, and enhance sustainable agricultural development to increase farmers' income, improve farmers' life quality, guarantee farmers' health; as well as protect the rights and interests of women and children through training and public participation. In addition, tourists and government officers will experience the outcomes of this project through visiting the demonstration sites. These demonstration sites will help promote the project and attract more governments to participate in this project positively. Besides, the international influence of the project will be further expanded through international conferences and forums, and international institutions and governments will be attracted to participate in the project.

Part B. Identifying and Managing Social and Environmental Risks

QUESTION 2: What are the Potential Social and Environmental Risks? Note: Complete SESP Attachment 1 before responding to Question 2.	and the potential social and environmental risks? Note: Respond to Questions 4 and 5below before proceeding to Question 5 n 2.			QUESTION 6: Describe the assessment and management measures for each risk rated Moderate, Substantial or High
Risk Description (broken down by event, cause, impact)	Impact and Likelihoo d (1-5)	Significanc e (Low, Moderate Substantial , High)	Comments (optional)	Description of assessment and management measures for risks rated as Moderate, Substantial or High
Risk 1: Elements of the project construction, operation or completion may pose potential safety risks to local communities	I = 2 L = 2	Low		
Risk 2: Project delay caused by COVID- 19	I = 4	Low		

	L = 1				
D: 1.2 F1 (C.1		T			
Risk 3: Elements of the project implementation may have adverse impacts to habitats, and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services	I = 4 L = 1	Low			
Risk 4: Carrying out activities in key habitats or environmentally sensitive	I = 3 L = 2	Low			
areas or adjacent areas will adversely affect the habitat or ecosystem					
Risk 5: Elements of the project	I = 2	Low			
implementation process may have adverse effects on the soil	L = 2				
Risk 6: The project implementation may	I = 1	Low			
involve in harvesting of natural forests, plantation development, or reforestation, which will adversely affect the natural ecosystem	L = 3				
Risk 7: Elements of the project	I = 3	Low			
construction and operation may cause the diversion or blockage of surface water or groundwater	L = 1				
Risk 8: Changes the use of land and	I = 2	Low			
resources use may adversely affect habitats, ecosystems and/or livelihoods	L = 2				
Risk 9: The project implementation may	I = 3	Low			
reduce and occupy the habitats of endangered species, posing a threat to their survival	L = 1				
[add additional rows as needed]					
	QUESTIO	N 4: What is t	he overall project risk cat	egori	zation?
	_	-	Low Risk	٧	
			Moderate Risk		
			Substantial Risk		

ı	High Risk				
	11igii Kisk				
	QUESTION 5: Based on the identified risks an triggered? (he SES are
	Question only required for Moderate, Substantial and	High	Risk	projects	
	Is assessment required? (check if "yes")				Status? (completed, planned)
	if yes, indicate overall type and status			Targeted assessment(s)	
				ESIA (Environmental and Social Impact Assessment)	
				SESA (Strategic Environmental and Social Assessment)	
	Are management plans required? (check if "yes)				
	If yes, indicate overall type			Targeted management plans (e.g. Gender Action Plan, Emergency Response Plan, Waste Management Plan, others)	
				ESMP (Environmental and Social Management Plan which may include range of targeted plans)	
				ESMF (Environmental and Social Management Framework)	
	Based on identified <u>risks</u> , which Principles/Project-level Standards triggered?			Comments (not required)
	Overarching Principle: Leave No One Behind				
	Human Rights				
	Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment				
	Accountability				
	1. Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Natural Resource Management				
	2. Climate Change and Disaster Risks				
	3. Community Health, Safety and Security				

4. Cultural Heritage	
5. Displacement and Resettlement	
6. Indigenous Peoples	
7. Labour and Working Conditions	
8. Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency	

Final Sign Off

Final Screening at the design-stage is not complete until the following signatures are included

Signature	Date	Description
QA Assessor		UNDP staff member responsible for the project, typically a UNDP Programme Officer. Final signature confirms they have "checked" to ensure that the SESP is adequately conducted.
QA Approver		UNDP senior manager, typically the UNDP Deputy Country Director (DCD), Country Director (CD), Deputy Resident Representative (DRR), or Resident Representative (RR). The QA Approver cannot also be the QA Assessor. Final signature confirms they have "cleared" the SESP prior to submittal to the PAC.
PAC Chair		UNDP chair of the PAC. In some cases PAC Chair may also be the QA Approver. Final signature confirms that the SESP was considered as part of the project appraisal and considered in recommendations of the PAC.

Annex 4 Social and Environmental Risk Screening Checklist

Chec	klist Potential Social and Environmental <u>Risks</u>		
Temp overa	RUCTIONS: The risk screening checklist will assist in answering Questions 2-6 of the Screening clate. Answers to the checklist questions help to (1) identify potential risks, (2) determine the ll risk categorization of the project, and (3) determine required level of assessment and gement measures. Refer to the SES toolkit for further guidance on addressing screening questions.		
	Overarching Principle: Leave No One Behind Human Rights		
P.1	Have local communities or individuals raised human rights concerns regarding the project (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements)?	No	
P.2	Is there a risk that duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) do not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the project?	No	
P.3	Is there a risk that rights-holders (e.g. project-affected persons) do not have the capacity to claim their rights?	No	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to:		
P.4	adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups?	No	
P.5	inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities? ¹⁷	No	
P.6	restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities?	No	
P.7	exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to project-affected communities and individuals?	No	
Gend	er Equality and Women's Empowerment		
P.8	Have women's groups/leaders raised gender equality concerns regarding the project, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements)?	No	
Would	d the project potentially involve or lead to:		
P.9	adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls?	No	
P.10	reproducing discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits?	No	
P.11	limitations on women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services?	No	
	For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being		
P.12	exacerbation of risks of gender-based violence? For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household	No	

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¹⁷ Prohibited grounds of discrimination include race, ethnicity, sex, age, language, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, religion, political or other opinion, national or social or geographical origin, property, birth or other status including as an indigenous person or as a member of a minority. References to "women and men" or similar is understood to include women and men, boys and girls, and other groups discriminated against based on their gender identities, such as transgender and transsexual people.

	power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc.	
	inability and Resilience: Screening questions regarding risks associated with sustainability and ence are encompassed by the Standard-specific questions below	
Acco	untability	
Would	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	
P.13	exclusion of any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them?	No
P.14	grievances or objections from potentially affected stakeholders?	No
P.15	risks of retaliation or reprisals against stakeholders who express concerns or grievances, or who seek to participate in or to obtain information on the project?	No
Proje	ct-Level Standards	
Stand	lard 1: Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Natural Resource Management	
Would	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	
1.1	adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services?	Yes
For e.	xample, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes	
1.2	activities within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities?	Yes
1.3	changes to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods? (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5)	Yes
1.4	risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat)?	Yes
.5	exacerbation of illegal wildlife trade?	No
.6	introduction of invasive alien species?	No
.7	adverse impacts on soils?	Yes
1.8	harvesting of natural forests, plantation development, or reforestation?	Yes
.9	significant agricultural production?	No
.10	animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species?	No
.11	significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water? For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction	Yes
1.12	handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms? ¹⁸	No

 $^{^{18}}$ See the <u>Convention on Biological Diversity</u> and its <u>Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety</u>.

¹⁹ See the <u>Convention on Biological Diversity</u> and its <u>Nagoya Protocol</u> on access and benefit sharing from use of genetic resources.

1.14	adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns?	No
Stand	lard 2: Climate Change and Disaster Risks	
Would	the project potentially involve or lead to:	
2.1	areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions?	No
2.2	outputs and outcomes sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters? For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes	No
2.3	increases in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices)? For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding	No
2.4	increases of greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change?	No
Stand	lard 3: Community Health, Safety and Security	
Would	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	
3.1	construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams)? (Note: the GEF does not finance projects that would involve the construction or rehabilitation of large or complex dams)	No
3.2	air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation?	No
3.3	harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the project (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure)?	No
3.4	risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health?	No
3.5	transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation)?	No
3.6	adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding)?	No
3.7	influx of project workers to project areas?	No
3.8	engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support project activities?	No
Stand	lard 4: Cultural Heritage	
Would	the project potentially involve or lead to:	
4.1	activities adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site?	No
4.2	significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes?	No
4.3	adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices)? (Note: projects intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts)	No

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4.4	alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance?	No
4.5	utilization of tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes?	No
Stan	dard 5: Displacement and Resettlement	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	
5.1	temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land)?	No
5.2	economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation)?	No
5.3	risk of forced evictions? ²⁰	No
5.4	impacts on or changes to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources?	No
Stan	dard 6: Indigenous Peoples	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to:	
6.1	areas where indigenous peoples are present (including project area of influence)?	No
6.2	activities located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples?	No
6.3	impacts (positive or negative) to the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the project is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question)?	No
	If the answer to screening question 6.3 is "yes", then the potential risk impacts are considered significant and the project would be categorized as either Substantial Risk or High Risk	
6.4	the absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned?	No
6.5	the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples?	No
6.6	forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources?	No
	Consider, and where appropriate ensure, consistency with the answers under Standard 5 above	
6.7	adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them?	No
6.8	risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?	No
6.9	impacts on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices?	No
	Consider, and where appropriate ensure, consistency with the answers under Standard 4 above.	

²⁰ Forced eviction is defined here as the permanent or temporary removal against their will of individuals, families or communities from the homes and/or land which they occupy, without the provision of, and access to, appropriate forms of legal or other protection. Forced evictions constitute gross violations of a range of internationally recognized human rights.

Stan	dard 7: Labour and Working Conditions	
Wou	ld the project potentially involve or lead to: (note: applies to project and contractor workers)	
7.1	working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments?	No
7.2	working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining?	No
7.3	use of child labour?	No
7.4	use of forced labour?	No
7.5	discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity?	No
7.6	occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the project life-cycle?	No
Stan	dard 8: Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency	
Wou	ld the project potentially involve or lead to:	
8.1	the release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts?	No
8.2	the generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous)?	No
8.3	the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals?	No
8.4	the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs? For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention	No
8.5	the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health?	No
8.6	significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water?	No